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International

How a Coping Scenario for the Global	
Financial Crisis Could Unravel	
Many financial analysts say the global economy	If the crisis extended to Japan or worsened in
will shake off Southeast Asia's economic troubles	Korea, Asia's
with only a modest reduction in growth	economic problems would mount rapidly. Slow
growth rates in the	growth and weak currencies in Japan and Korea
US and Europe will decline by about one-third	would erode many of the gains of the last round
percentage point next year and that an upward	of currency depreciations in Southeast Asia;
growth path will resume within 18 months.	ASEAN growth and exports would be depressed,
	and another round of sharp depreciations would
— This scenario includes a \$50-60 billion	be unavoidable.
improvement next year in ASEAN current	
account balances offset by deteriorating	— US growth would be cut about 1 percentage
trade balances in Japan, the US, and Europe.	point and the US current account deficit
	would increase by \$45 billion next year and
** **	\$75 billion in 1999,

What Could Go Wrong?	 World trade would be reduced by nearly
The clobal accommis authorit records arranged	\$400 billion a year, reflecting a broader
The global economic outlook would worsen	global economic slowdown.
considerably if deflation in Japan and a weak	
yen made ASEAN exports less competitive or if Korea's financial crisis deepened further.	10 A P
	Barriers to Absorbing Asia's Exports
Alternatively, higher interest rates in the US and	If tighter economic measures in the UTC well-sting
Europe would undermine the exchange rate and	If tighter economic measures in the US—reflecting
macro policy adjustments already made in Asia	recent data that suggest rising US wages and a taut labor market—coincided with the spreading and
and Latin America to cope with their financial	deepening Asian economic crisis, the US economy
problems.	
- East Asian and Latin American economies	would have difficulty absorbing increased exports from Asia. At the same time, EU economic policy
remain vulnerable to further shocks because	
every month they must renew large amounts	makers would be constrained from responding to
of short-term foreign credits; South Korea	the Asian crisis if they are focused on satisfying Maastricht deficit criteria and setting internal
must roll over about \$6 billion monthly,	exchange rates.
1	exchange rates.
and the total for	- A 0.5-percentage-point increase in US interest
Brazil may be as much as twice this high.	rates would add \$150 million each month to
- Seoul and Tokyo last week hinted at rescue	the rollover obligations in Asia and Latin
packages for their financial sectors, but the	America and cut US growth and imports.
measures may be insufficient.	America and out of growth and imports.
mousules may be mauricione.	- Under this scenario, Asia and Latin America
	would face further economic and political
	turmoil as capital inflows slowed and trade
	fell.